

This is an annotated list of selected print and digital resources for conducting research on metropolitan areas in the developing regions of the world. All the sources are located in the U.S.C. Library system. To search for books, conference proceedings, and other monographs associated with cities in the developing world, search HOMER, the online library catalog. For scholarly articles concerning this topic, consult the section in this guide entitled, "Indexes and Abstracts." A link to the HOMER catalog and the electronic databases is available at <http://library.usc.edu>. A number of library research guides on specific issues, such as "Economic Development," are also available and should be used when appropriate to your topic. Please consult a reference librarian if you need further research assistance.

BIBLIOGRAPHIES

Khan, Namir and Willem H. Vanderburg. *Healthy Cities: An Annotated Bibliography*. Lanham, MD: Scarecrow Press, 2001.

VKC Library [Bookstacks] Z7164 .U7K44 2001

Modern cities can be designed to constitute a more supportive environment for a great many activities, provide a more livable habitat and reduce the burden imposed on the biosphere. They can be made healthier (in terms of the definition by World Health Organization) and more sustainable by means of new and emerging preventive approaches. "Healthy Cities" focuses on those preventive approaches that can make cities healthier and more sustainable. This book is the result of a twelve-year research project carried out at the Centre for Technology and Social Development at the University of Toronto. The research findings led to the development of a new conceptual framework and strategy aimed at converting technological and economic growth into development that would gradually become more sustainable. It was put into practice in a set of courses and a certificate program aimed at educating engineers with a difference. The present bibliography brings together that portion of the literature that can make a significant contribution to preventive approaches in the areas of urban planning, architecture, civil engineering, and others.

Obudho, Robert A. *Small Urban Centres in Africa: A Bibliographical Survey*. Nygoya, Japan: United Nations Centre for Regional Development; Nairobi, Kenya: Centre for Urban Research, 1995.

VKC Library [International Documents Room] Z7164 .R33O28 1995

This bibliography was issued as part of the UN Centre for Regional Development (UNCRD) research project on the role of small urban centers in economic recovery and regional development in Eastern and Southern Africa. The bibliography records all academic works, discussion and conference papers, periodicals, and edited collections related to small and intermediate urban centers in urban, regional, and national planning in Africa. Entries are organized in a sequence from 0001 to 1581 and categorized into six chapters: African General, Northern Africa, Western Africa, Central Africa, Eastern Africa, and Southern Africa. Within each chapter entries, citations are arranged alphabetically by author. Entries are in English or French. An author and subject index is located in the back of the book.

Rodger, Richard. *A Consolidated Bibliography of Urban History*. Brookfield, VT: Ashgate, 1996.
VKC Library [Bookstacks] Z7164 .U7 R62 1996

The interdisciplinary nature of the study of the urban past spawned an awareness more than two decades ago of the need to collect and categorize the scholarly literature. That chore fell principally to an annual bibliography in *Urban History Yearbook*. The present bibliography consolidates those annual bibliographies for 1974-91, presenting nearly 20,000 entries for academic journal articles and for books listed in British National Bibliography, local history publications, and non-British publications, mainly French and North American. It uses ten categories to group entries by subject: population, physical structure, social structure, economic structure, transport and communications, politics and administration, planning and environment, culture, attitudes about towns and cities, and general studies. Subcategories and author and place indexes provide additional access points. Although heavily weighted toward British urban history, this guide provides access to methodologically diverse academic literature on the subject of urban history throughout the world.

DICTIONARIES AND ENCYCLOPEDIAS

Ember, Melvin and Carol R. Ember, eds. *Encyclopedia of Urban Cultures: Cities and Cultures Around the World*. 4 vols. Danbury, CT: Grolier, 2002.

VKC Library [Reference] HT108.5 .E53 2002

This Encyclopedia provides a unique focus on cities around the world from a cultural perspective, and includes comprehensive, interdisciplinary coverage of all aspects of 240 cities and their cultures. It is the only comprehensive reference work to offer a broad range of cultural and historical information on cities in all regions of the world, featuring in-depth discussions of ethnic and class diversity, education, dress, cuisine, family, work, transportation, social issues, arts, and recreation and addressing many key contemporary issues such as ethnic conflict, violence, and social inequality. For ease of comparison, city articles follow a consistent format: Orientation, History, Infrastructure, Cultural and Social Life, Quality of Life, and the Future of the City. There are sixteen thematic articles and 240 city articles, ranging in length from 3,000 to 6,000 words supplemented with over 500 photographs, tables, and locator maps. Extensive bibliographies, including online sources for further study, accompany every entry. Includes appendices and comprehensive index.

McDonnell, Rachael and Karen Kemp. *International GIS Dictionary*. New York: John Wiley & Sons, 1995.

Doheny Library [Bookstacks] G70.212 .M33 1995

The Dictionary's coverage represents a wide range of disciplines with over 500 definitions and illustrations. This book helps professionals and students to negotiate through the jargon and acronyms that are largely incomprehensible to the uninitiated, and many words that have a familiar interpretation in everyday language take on a specific meaning in the GIS context. The *International GIS Dictionary* is the first dedicated dictionary available for the GIS community. It includes GIS terms from all over the world and from related disciplines, such as remote sensing, which are becoming increasingly important to people using GIS. Includes a list of commonly used acronyms and entries are fully cross-referenced.

Moskowitz, Harvey S. *The Latest Illustrated Book of Development Definitions*. New Brunswick, NJ : Center for Urban Policy Research, 2004.

VKC Library [Bookstacks] HT167 .M683 2004

This edition standardizes all the key terms used in zoning, subdivision, site plan, and environmental ordinances. In all, it contains 1,957 definitions and 103 illustrations that can be incorporated in local ordinances with little or no change. The commentaries and annotations provide legal background and explain how the definitions can be adapted for use by local jurisdictions. This is a basic working tool and required reference for anyone involved in land development planning and regulation.

Ness, Immanuel. *Encyclopedia of World Cities*. 2 volumes. Armonk, NY: M.E. Sharpe, 1999.

Doheny Library [Reading Room] HT108.5 .N47 1999

This encyclopedia provides a succinct overview of 132 cities around the globe. For each city, a national map indicates its location, and the text describes its location, population, history, government, economy, transportation, health care, education, housing, and cultural attributes. A statistical profile summarizes data about each city. City selection was based on size, geographic inclusiveness, and historic and cultural significance. There is a bias toward North American and European cities because of their influence on world urbanization. Although variances in national data gathering techniques are universally problematic for comparative purposes, the author presents such data as are available that accurately define the city. A five-table appendix provides further comparative analysis based on population size, projected growth, and urbanization of the national population. A subject index provides heightened access to data in both volumes. This encyclopedia stands as a viable reference guide to major world cities.

Rajewski, Brian. *Cities of the World: A Compilation of Current Information on Cultural, Geographical, and Political Conditions in the Countries and Cities of Six Continents...* 6th edition. 4 volumes. Detroit, MI: Gale Research Co., 2002.

Electronic Book G153.4 .C57 2002

This edition includes profiles of over 500 major metropolitan areas and more than 2,900 smaller cities grouped by countries within continents. The information in these encyclopedic style entries is predominantly cultural and political in nature. Country profiles and maps are also included, but the volume does not include statistical information. The majority of the information provided in this work is from the U.S. Department of State Post Reports. This work is useful for providing essential background information about general social and political conditions in world urban areas. Note that most of the cities of the Middle East are in countries that are considered part of Asia according to the editors of this work.

GUIDES AND HANDBOOKS

The Challenge of Urbanization: The World's Largest Cities. New York: Department for Economic and Social Information and Policy Analysis, Population Division, United Nations, 1995.

VKC Library [International Documents Room] HT165.5 .C42 1995

Contains profiles of 100 of the world's large cities, comprising 18 cities in Africa, 29 in Asia, 24 in Europe, 20 in Latin America and the Caribbean, 4 in Northern America and 5 in Oceania. The study concentrates on problems and special planning issues, pinpointing demographic characteristics, economic structure, available social services and infrastructure, as well as current issues facing city planners. Population size was the only criterion for inclusion in the study, both ancient and modern, in developed and developing countries, both port and landlocked and those in diverse geographical settings, as well as cities whose population growth has leveled off and those whose population is rapidly growing.

Duensing, Edward E. *Information Sources in Urban and Regional Planning: A Directory and Guide to Reference Materials*. New Brunswick, NJ: Rutgers-The State University of New Jersey, 1994.

VKC Library [Bookstacks] Z 5942. D87 1994

Comprehensive resource tool divided into five parts: "Dictionaries and Glossaries," "Indexes and Abstracts," "Directory of Directories," "Planning and Planning-Related Organizations," and "Appendixes." Each section covers a specific format of materials or collection of information as it relates to urban and regional planning. It is the best guide to use to find specific resources related to all areas of planning. Includes an author and organization index and a title index.

Greenfield, Gerald Michael. *Latin American Urbanization: Historical Profiles of Major Cities*. Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 1994.

VKC Library [Bookstacks] HT127.5 .L39 1994

This volume provides extensive information on the urban experience in Latin America. Following a general overview, the work includes chapters devoted to urbanization in specific countries. Each chapter begins with an introduction providing geographic information and a survey of the nation's urban development, and then includes historical profiles of ninety selected cities, as well as maps. In this way, the work provides both national and city-specific perspectives. Chapters also provide a list of bibliographic resources, and the book is fully indexed.

The State of the World's Cities. Nairobi, Kenya: United Nations Centre for Human Settlements UNCHS (Habitat), 2001.

VKC Library [Reference] HT101 .S73 2001

Released by the United Nations Centre for Human Settlements (Habitat), this report focuses exclusively on city-level analyses of a wide range of urban issues and takes the reader through Africa, the Arab States, Asia and the Pacific, the highly industrialized countries, Latin America and the Caribbean and countries with economies in transition to understand better how shelter, society, environment, economy, and, above all, systems of governance can contribute to urban vibrancy and viability in a globalizing world.. The State of the World's Cities Report 2001 is a first in-depth attempt to monitor, analyze and report on the realities faced by urban populations around the world. The report was produced by UNCHS (Habitat) to coincide with the Istanbul + 5 Special Session of the UN General Assembly, which took place in New York in June 2001. The Report explores a range of urban issues and policy responses in five major areas: shelter, society, environment, economy and governance. It then takes a look, region by region, at urbanization trends and issues. Employing, among other resources, UNCHS (Habitat)'s Urban Indicators and Best Practices databases, the Report makes regional comparisons of city-level analyses and data, and introduces, for the first time, the City Development Index, a tool developed by UNCHS (Habitat) to track regional, national and city level progress. The volume is easy to read and illustrated with photos, graphs and tables

Tarver, James D., ed. *Urbanization in Africa: A Handbook*. Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 1994.

VKC Library [Bookstacks] HT384 .A35U73 1994

This work covers urbanization in Africa on a systematic country-by-country basis. Several introductory chapters provide a brief overview of ancient, medieval, and early modern periods. More space is given to 19th-century European roots and particularly the post-colonial era. The substance of the book, however, lies in chapters devoted to 15 of the more urbanized countries: Algeria, Angola, Congo, Ivory Coast, Egypt, Ethiopia, Kenya, Libya, Mali, Morocco, Nigeria, Senegal, Sierra Leone, South Africa, and Zambia. Each profile details the patterns of urbanization from pre-colonial times to the present, demographic trends of the country, recent economic population changes, and housing. Several chapters review public urbanization policy and private sector roles in sub-Saharan Africa, rural-urban migration, the expansion of national

capitals, and the regional extension of urban core areas. One chapter concerns the African experience with HIV/AIDS in urban locations through 1990. Tables and maps are included with data current to 1987-88 (and occasionally to 1992). Population projections extend beyond the year 2000. Limited as a "handbook," this book serves as an excellent introduction to basic trends in particular African nations. Notes accompanying each chapter are helpful and include UN sources. A short bibliography has citations through 1992.

An Urbanizing World: Global Report on Human Settlements, 1996. New York: Published by Oxford University Press for the United Nations Centre for Human Settlements (Habitat), 1996.
VKC Library [International Documents Room] HT65 .U73 1996

As the background report for Habitat II, this volume usefully reviews conditions and trends among the world's cities, towns and villages and how governments and international agencies are seeking to address urban problems. Running to over 500 pages with its statistical analysis, and drawing on 30 specially commissioned papers by specialists in both North and South and on data from over 100 recent censuses, it is the most comprehensive and detailed report of its kind. It includes some surprises for instance the slow down in the growth rates for most of the world's largest cities and the large increase in urban poverty. The report also includes many case studies of cities where poverty and lack of basic services have been tackled, environmental conditions much improved, long range sustainable development plans created and dependence on motor cars reduced.

INDEXES AND ABSTRACTS

AccessUN. Chester, VT: Readex, 1997-.

Electronic Resources Web Page

http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/166.php

This online index provides access to current and retrospective United Nations documents and publications. Articles appearing in UN periodicals are individually indexed. Indexing of the bilateral and multilateral treaties in the UN Treaty Series is another unique feature of the Index. Documents from the six main bodies of the United Nations - General Assembly, Security Council, Economic and Social Council, Trusteeship Council, Secretariat and International Court of Justice - are indexed. Masthead documents (formerly referred to as mimeographed documents), Official Records, sales publications, limited and restricted documents, and documents emanating from sessional and standing committees, functional commissions, conferences and regional bodies are the basis of the Index. Full-text resolutions from the General Assembly, Security Council and the Economic and Social Council are appended to their respective bibliographic citations. The Index supports access to the microfiche and paper formats of your library's United Nations holdings. Readex provides libraries with a comprehensive microfiche collection of non-copyrighted United Nations documents and publications. The "Readex Year" field readily identifies documents included in the Readex microfiche collection. Period covered is from 1996 to the present. Use this database for finding reports and other official documents concerning all aspects of urban development in developing countries from the United Nations and its various sub-organizations.

Avery Index to Architectural Periodicals. Mountain View, CA: Research Libraries Group, 1977-.

Electronic Resources Web Page

http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/18.php

This resource indexes more than 1,000 periodicals published worldwide on archaeology, city planning, interior design, and historic preservation, as well as architecture. Updated daily, Avery currently covers

journals from 1977 to the present. Simple search allows keyword searches of selected fields. The advanced search option allows you to select fields and construct phrase searches using Boolean operators.

Columbia International Affairs Online (CIAO). New York: Columbia University Press, 1991-.
Electronic Resources Web Page

http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/42.php

CIAO is designed to be the most comprehensive source for theory and research in international affairs. It provides the full text of a wide range of scholarship that includes books, working papers from universities and research institutes, occasional papers series from NGOs, foundation-funded research projects, and proceedings from conferences. It also provides basic information, economic indicators and maps for all countries, links to other useful web sites, and a schedule of coming events. In addition it indexes a limited number of journals. The content may be accessed in a number of ways: through the home pages, which allow the user to see what is contained in a category; through alphabetical indices (author, subject, title, and institution); and, through the search engine which allows users to search for files by fields (author, subject, title, date, and content area) and/or by keywords. The schedule of events is broken down by month, and the links and resources are organized by region and by area of interest (e.g. media). In addition to linking to over 160 related sites from this section, you can also access the home pages of each of the contributing institutions from within the section where its papers appear.

Historical Abstracts. Santa Barbara, CA: ABC-Clio, 1954-. Quarterly.
Electronic Resources Web Page

http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/937.php

This index service covers history of the world, 1450 to the present, but excluding the United States and Canada (see *America: History and Life* cite above). Includes key history journals from major countries, as well as relevant selected journals book review articles, and dissertations from the social sciences and humanities. All abstracts are in English. Use this database to find historical literature on city planning and urban development derived from non-U.S. sources. Please note that access to this database is limited to six simultaneous users. If you experience access problems please try again later.

Index to Current Urban Documents. Westport, CT: Greenwood Press, 1972-2000.
VKC Library [Reference] Z 7165 .U51654

This index contains bibliographic descriptions of local and regional government documents issued by about 300 of the larger cities and counties of the U.S. and Canada. The documents cover a broad range of urban planning issues, including development plans, budgets, ordinances, surveys, and zoning. Entries are arranged geographically by city or county and by the name of the department issuing the document. The documents indexed are part of a microfiche collection held at the University of California-Berkeley. All these documents are available for loan through Global Express.

International Development Abstracts. Norwich, UK: Elsevier Science Publishers, 1982. Bimonthly.
VKC Library [Reference] HD 72 .I57

Contains summaries of the contents of over 500 journals plus books, conference proceedings, and reports arranged under thirty-eight broad subject categories, such as rural development and housing, associated with developing countries. A cumulative index is published at the end of each year. Later years are available via the web as part of the GeoBase system located on the U.S.C. Electronic Resources page at: http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/158.php.

Journal of Planning Literature. Newbury Park, CA: Sage Publications, 1985-. Quarterly.
Electronic Resources Web Page

http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/1496.php

This is the most comprehensive index to nearly 400 academic and professional journals and thousands of books, journal articles, magazine articles, government reports, city and regional documents and plans, monographs, conference papers, and research reports each year in the field of urban and regional planning. Materials are listed under broad subject categories with a select number provided with annotations in a separate section of each issue. Among the major subject areas routinely covered are Planning History, Concepts of Planning, Policy and Planning Administration, Planning Law and Legislation, Planning and Society, Development Planning, International Planning, Housing, Physical Elements of Planning, Transportation and Communication, and Architecture and Urban Design.

LEXIS-NEXIS Academic Universe. Dayton, OH: Reed Elsevier, Inc., 1995-. Daily.
Electronic Resources Web Page

http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/110.php

Searchable full text resource of major, regional, and foreign newspaper articles, magazine articles, governmental news, as well as medical and legal journal articles. Also includes U.S. state and foreign country profiles, state legal materials, U.S. code, federal case law, and biographical information. In addition, there is corporate news and profiles. An excellent source, especially for very current materials and to obtain a regional perspective on a topic.

PAIS: Public Affairs Information Service. New York: Public Affairs Information Service, 1915-.
Monthly with annual cumulations.

Electronic Resources Web Page

http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/415.php

A selective list of the latest books, periodical articles, government documents, pamphlets, microfiche, and reports of public and private agencies relating to business, economics and social conditions, public policy and administration, and international relations. The system provides selective subjects and bibliographic access to periodicals, books, hearings, reports, gray literature, government publications, Internet resources, and other publications from 120 countries. Materials are in English, French, German, Italian, Portuguese, and Spanish with English language abstracts and subject headings. Contains more than 480,000 records, each with bibliographic information and brief, descriptive abstracts. Use *PAIS Archive*, a retrospective database chronicling global public policy and social issues from 1915 through 1976 at http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/7078.php.

Sage Urban Studies Abstracts. Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage Publications, 1973-. Quarterly.
Electronic Resources Web Page

http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/2734.php

Provides comprehensive abstracts of the contents of over 1,000 books, journal articles, government documents, pamphlets, and research studies annually and covering all aspects of urban studies and planning. Entries are arranged under fifteen subject categories. Includes a cumulative author and subject index in the last issue of each year.

Web of Science Citation Indexing Service. Philadelphia, PA: Institute for Scientific Information, 1987-. Daily.

Electronic Resources Web Page

http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/732.php

The Web of Science ISI Citation Databases are multidisciplinary databases of bibliographic information indexed so that you can search for specific articles by subject, author, journal, and/or author address. U.S.C. has access to three citation databases. The *Science Citation Index* is a database with searchable author abstracts, covering the journal literature of the sciences. It indexes 5,300 major journals across 164 scientific disciplines, covering approximately 2,000 more journals than its SCI print and CD-ROM counterparts, with all cited references captured. The *Social Sciences Citation Index* indexes 1,700 journals spanning 50 disciplines, as well as covering individually selected, relevant items from over 3,300 of the world's leading scientific and technical journals. *Arts & Humanities Citation Index* indexes 1,100 of the world's leading arts and humanities journals, as well as covering individually selected, relevant items from over 6,800 major science and social science journals.

STATISTICS

Compendium of Human Settlements Statistics. New York: Department of International Economic and Social Affairs, Statistical Office, United Nations, 1985-. Irregular.

VKC Library [Desk Reference] HD7287.5 .U54A 2001

This Compendium presents human settlements statistics for over 200 countries or areas and 315 cities in five general fields: population, land use, infrastructure and services, housing and crime. Mostly in tables but also in some graphs, presents statistics about how many people live where and how in countries, urban and rural areas, and cities throughout the world. Among the dimensions measured are population by sex, rate of population increase, surface area, and density; homeless population by sex, number of homeless households and squatter households; reported criminal offenses by type of offense and rate per 1,000 population; number of hospital establishments, number of physicians and rate per 1,000 of population, crude birth and death rates, and infant mortality rate; and telephone lines, television sets, and circulation of daily newspapers, number and rate per 1,000 population, number of cinemas, and number and area of public parks and areas.

Statistical Universe. Bethesda, MD: Congressional Information Service, 1998-.

Electronic Resources Web Page

http://www.usc.edu/e_resources/isd/gateways/434.php

Statistical Universe abstracts include a detailed description of a publication's statistical contents and primary bibliographic information like title, date, collation, agency report number (if any), and periodicity. Whenever possible, the Superintendent of Documents classification number, the Library of Congress card number, the Government Printing Office (GPO) *Monthly Catalog* entry number, the GPO stock number, and the depository item number are also included. The abstract may also contain two hypertext links—one to the agency's World Wide Web site where the full text of the publication may be viewed and downloaded and the other to the full text on Statistical Universe, where the publication can be viewed, downloaded and accessed section by section or table by table. Includes access to *Statistical Abstract of the United States*.

SELECTED INTERNET RESOURCES

Cities.com. Universal Artists, Inc.

Web: <http://www.cities.com>

A comprehensive, searchable directory to 4,329 online city guides in over 150 countries. You can search the database in three ways: 1) search by city name to find a city guide on a particular metropolitan area; if the city name is misspelled, the system will present a list of close matches; 2) search by country name either from the drop-down menu. Use the search button to get a list of cities within a particular country; and 3) the system also shows a world map that allows the user to click on a continent, which then shows a list of countries on that continent and included in the database. Choose a country to get a list of all the city guides for that country. Although primarily useful as a tourism site, much information can be gleaned from the city guides contained in this database.

City Mayors. London: City Mayors, 2003-.

Web: <http://www.citymayors.com/index.html>

City Mayors is an international network of professionals working together to promote strong and prosperous cities as well as good local government. It examines how city mayors, and others governing metropolitan areas, develop innovative solutions to long-standing urban problems such as housing, transport, education and employment, but also how they meet the latest environmental, technological, social and security challenges, which affect the well-being of their citizens. The organization also analyzes the new challenges of urban governance, including migration pressures, community integration, disaster management and resilience against terrorism. Site includes up-to-date directories of city web sites throughout the world and links to current news about world cities.

City Population. Thomas Brinkhoff

Web: <http://www.citypopulation.de/>

On these web pages, you'll find statistics and maps about the population of the major agglomerations of the world. For many countries, information about the population of their administrative areas and the principal cities is provided. The actual population of the largest agglomerations of the world is presented by tables as well as by a Java applet visualizing the location and population of the agglomerations in an interactive map. If you require explanations concerning the data, the abbreviations or the usage of the interactive maps, please click on Info. There exists also a page showing answers to frequently asked questions. Under Links you will find links to other web sites and the references. The latest changes are listed under ANew. This is an excellent web site with additional links to country statistical offices and statistical compendiums in print.

Organization of World Heritage Cities. United Nations.

Web: <http://www.ovpm.org/index.php>

An international non-profit non-governmental organization, the OWHC was created to assist member cities to adapt and improve their management methods in relation to the specific requirements of having a site inscribed on the UNESCO World Heritage List. The OWHC contributes to implementation of the Convention concerning the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage and the International Charter for the Protection of Historic Cities; encourages, on both regional and international levels, cooperation and the exchange of information and expertise among historic cities throughout the world in close collaboration with other organizations pursuing similar goals while emphasizing action likely to support the efforts of cities located in developing countries; in cooperation with specialized organizations; ensures better links between research undertaken by specialists or experts and the needs of local management; and, sensitizes the populations to patrimonial values and their protection.

United Nations Centre for Human Settlements (Habitat) United Nations

Web: <http://www.unchs.org/>

The mission of UNCHS is to promote socially and environmentally sustainable human settlements development and the achievement of adequate shelter for all people. Established in 1978, it is the lead agency within the UN system for the implementation of the Habitat Agenda, the global plan of action adopted by the international community at the Habitat II Conference held in Istanbul, Turkey in June 1996. The site includes links to the agency's publications, activities, and current research endeavors.

Urban Planning, 1794-1918: An International Anthology of Articles, Conference Papers, and Reports. John W. Reps

Web: <http://www.library.cornell.edu/Reps/DOCS/homepage.htm>

Outstanding bibliography of materials documenting the history and development of urban planning. Materials are arranged under broad categories but there is no cross-referencing so it would be wise to search your subject under more than one heading. Materials can also be browsed by author or year. The collected works in this online bibliography are equivalent to a 600 page book. This site now includes a keyword search engine, allowing the user to find specific citations to materials.